

# FV3 within the NASA GEOS modeling and assimilation system



GMAO

## **GMAO Modeling Activities**

- 1. Weather Analysis and Prediction
  - near-realtime analyses, assimilation products, and forecasts
  - In support of NASA's satellite missions and field experiments
  - Generating near-real time atmospheric products for a broad community of users.

#### 2. Seasonal-Decadal Analysis and Prediction

 Coupled Earth-System models and analyses of subseasonal to seasonal variability in support of:

National Multi-Model Ensemble (NMME) project Chemistry-Climate Model (CCM) Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP)

#### 3. Reanalysis for Climate

- Modern-Era Retrospective analysis for Research and Applications, Version 2
   (MERRA-2)
- Global downscaling of reanalyses

#### 4. Global Mesoscale Modeling

- Global simulations with spatial resolutions at the forefront of model and computing capability
  - These form the basis for Observing System Simulation Experiments.







#### **GEOS Modeling & Assimilation Portfolio**

Forward Processing System	Satellite-Era Reanalysis 1979 - Present	EOS-Era Reanalysis 2000 – Present	Nature Runs (OSSEs)	Seasonal Forecast System	Coupled Simulations (Decadal, CMIP6)
3D-Hybrid Ensemble-Var (25km) 32 ensemble members Hydrostatic FV3 1-Moment Cloud Microphysics	MERRA (50km) Ending Feb. 2016 3D-Var Hydrostatic FV-LatLon ~200 TB  MERRA-2 (50km) 3D-Var Hydrostatic FV3 Aerosols and CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> 1-Moment Cloud Microphysics ~400 TB	M2R12K (12km)  MERRA2 downscaled to 12 km  Aerosols CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> Non-Hydrostatic FV3  1-Moment Cloud Microphysics	G5NR (7km) Simulated 2005-2007 Aerosols, CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> Non-Hydrostatic FV3 1-Moment Cloud Microphysics 4 PB	MERRA-2 replay 50km, 40L ocean analysis 31 members per month	GEOS CMIP (25km) 25km Atmosphere 25km 50L ocean Include aerosols greenhouse gases Hydrostatic FV3 2-Moment Cloud Microphysics  Planning/discussion  Align with "MERRA-3" SFS and strategic direction of ESD
e5131 GEOS-5 FP system Terminated 1Q-2017				M2-driven EnOI ocean analysis	
4D-Hybrid Ensemble-Var (12km) 32 ensemble members Atmosphere, ocean surface Hydrostatic FV3 1-Moment Cloud Microphysics In Production 1Q-2017		IESA (12km)  4D-Hybrid Ensemble-Var  32 ensemble members  atmosphere, land, ocean surface  Aerosols, CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> Non-Hydrostatic FV3  1-Moment Cloud Microphysics  5,000 cores; 40 simulation days/day  150 days total wallclock	<b>G5NR-CHEM (12km)</b> Simulated 2013-2014 Replay to M2R12K Full Reactive Chemistry	GEOS SFS (25km) Alignment with "MERRA-3" 25km, 50L ocean analysis System design under review	
	MERRA-2 GMI replay (50km) Replay GMI Chemistry 1 streams, 1,000 cores each 12 to 18 months ~ 1 PB		Non-Hydrostatic FV3 1-Moment Cloud Microphysics 1 PB of data 40-FY2016	FY2020 target	
4D Ensemble-Var (9km) ~100 ensemble members Atmosphere, ocean surface Non-Hydrostatic FV3 2-Moment Cloud Microphysics Grell-Freitas Scale-Aware Convection FY2018 target		~3 to 4 PB of data	14,72525		
	Coupled Reanalysis ("MERRA-3")  Atmosphere-land-ocean-cryosphere (alignment with SFS and CMIP6)  FY2020 target	IESAR4K (4km)  IESA Downscaled to 4km  downscaling evaluation for NCA  Aerosols, CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> Non-Hydrostatic FV3  2-Moment Cloud Microphysics  5,000 cores; 40 simulation days/day	G6NR (1-3km) Simulated 2015 Aerosols CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>3</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> Non-Hydrostatic FV3 2-Moment Cloud Microphysics ~4 PB	Past GMAO core projects  Core GMAO projects in	
				production or evaluation.  Pathfinding projects toward GMAO core efforts.	
		150 days total wallclock ~3 to 4 PB of data	Planning/evaluation	Projects undergoing GMAO discussion/planning.	

### **GEOS Atmospheric Model**

Finite Volume Cubed-Sphere (FV3 collaboration with NOAA GFDL)

- Split explicit time-stepping (C-D grid)
- Monotonic & Non-Monotonic advection schemes
- Vertically Lagrangian
- Hydrostatic or Non-Hydrostatic

**Single-Moment** or **Two-Moment** moist cloud microphysics options

Relaxed Arakawa Schubert Convection (stochastic Tokioka entrainment limiter)

Grell Freitas and UW shallow convection options

Chou Suarez or RRTMG radiation options

**GOCART** or **MAM** chemistry and aerosol implementations

ESMF compliant (via MAPL to standardize the use of the ESMF throughout GEOS)

MPI parallelism with SGI MPT (Intel-MPI and MVAPICH-2 options)

- Hybrid MPI+OpenMP directives available in FV3
- Explicit use of SHMEM shared memory throughout GEOS via MAPL

GPU implementation (optional build via PGI Fortran within the production code)

**GMAO** 

gmao.gsfc.nasa.gov



#### **GEOS Modeling Applications**

Modeling	<b>Current Capability</b>		Year 2020-2025		Year 2025-2030	
Component	Resolution	Cores	Resolution	Cores	Resolution	Cores
Single Column	72 Levs	1	132 Levs	1	264 Levs	1
Radiative-Convective- Equilibrium Large-Eddy	500 m	1,000	10-100 m	500,000	1-10 m	1 million
Pioneering Global Embedded-Regional OSSEs	1-5 km 72 Levels	30,000	500 m – 1 km 132 Levels	10 million	100-500 m 264 Levels	1 billion
Deterministic Medium-Range	10-15 km <i>72 Levels</i>	6,000	3-7 km <i>132 Levels</i>	600,000	1-3 km <i>264 Levels</i>	6 million
Seasonal	50 km Ocn 50 km Atm	100	25 km Ocn 25 km Atm	800	10 km Ocn 10 km Atm	16,000
Climate/Reanalysis	50 km	100	10-25 km	8,000	5-10 km	100,000



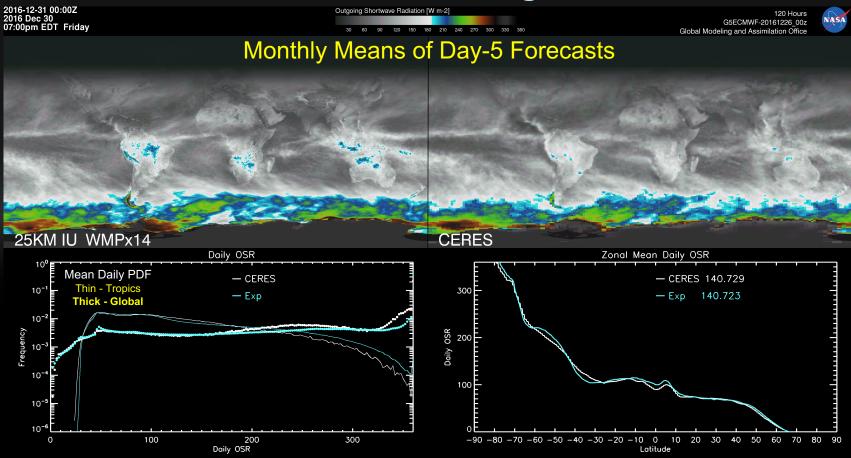


## **GEOS Tuning Procedures**

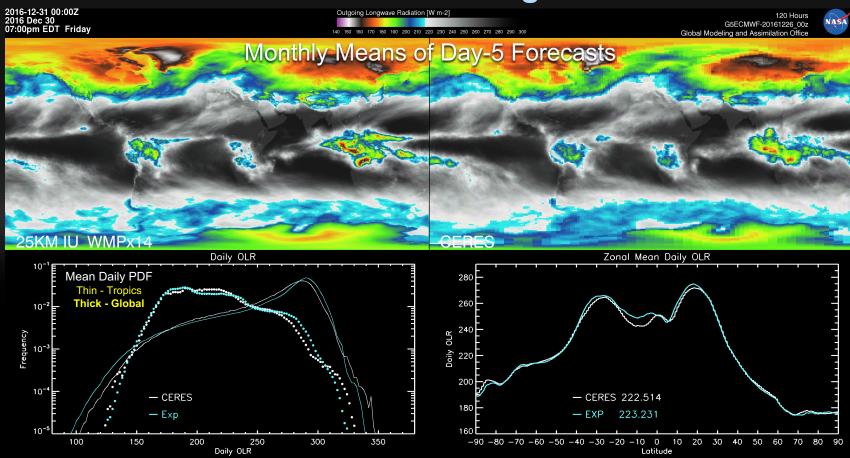
- Reforecasting
  - 10-day forecasts at 50, 25, and 12-km resolutions
    - Two Seasons (DEC-JAN) and (JUL-AUG)
    - 1200 days of simulation examined at various lead times (1- to 10-days)
    - Can finely tune the model
      - cloud radiation properties to observations (IR and CERES)
      - water vapor and precipitation to observations (SSMI and TRMM)
      - looking closely at PDFs on short timescales (30 minutes to daily)
    - Examine impact on anomaly correlation and RMS
- 30-year Ensemble of Seasonal Model Intercomparisons (EMIP)
  - A rapid turnaround on seasonal climate analysis (DJF & JJA) at 50-km resolution
- 30-year AMIP
  - Climate resolution at 50-km resolution
- Fully Cycled DAS
  - At NWP resolutions 25- to 12-km resolutions



#### **GEOS** Reforecasting Results

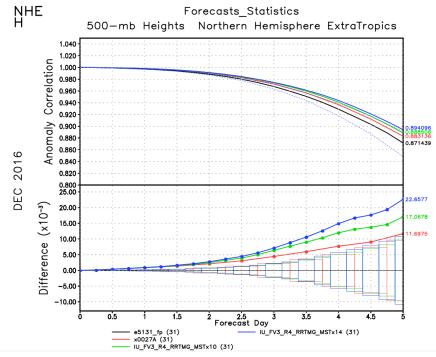


### **GEOS** Reforecasting Results



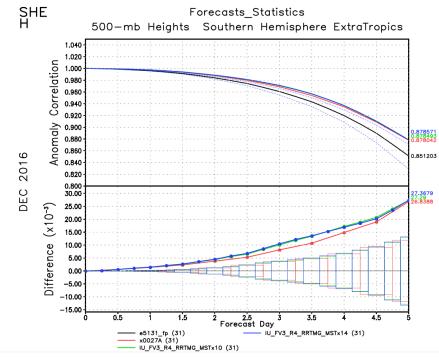


#### **GEOS Reforecasting Results**



e5131\_fp - 25km 3d-Hybrid + FV3 (*Production system at the time*) x0027A - 25km 4d-Hybrid EnsVar + GMTED topography & GWD tuning

x10/x14 – Reforecasting with RRTMG + NGGPS FV3 + Moist cloud tuning

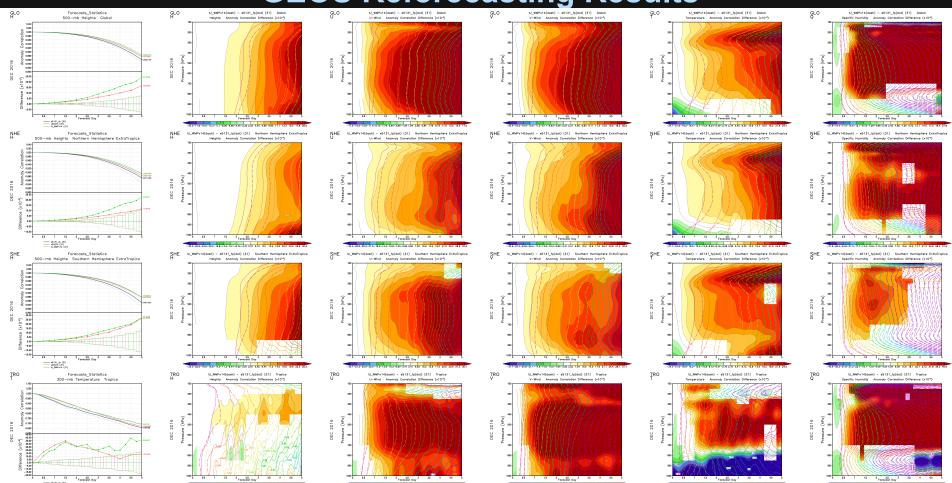


e5131\_fp - 25km 3d-Hybrid + FV3 (Production system at the time)

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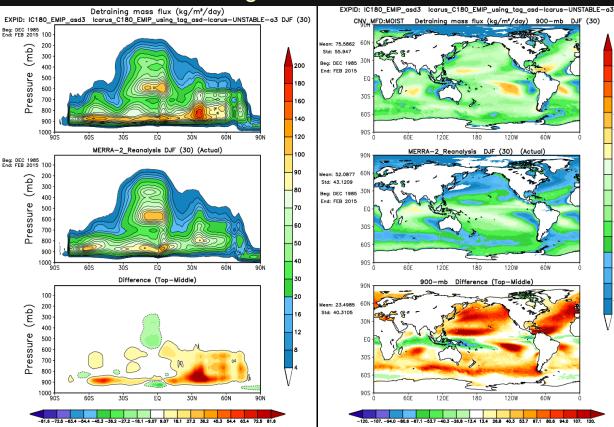
### **GEOS** Reforecasting Results

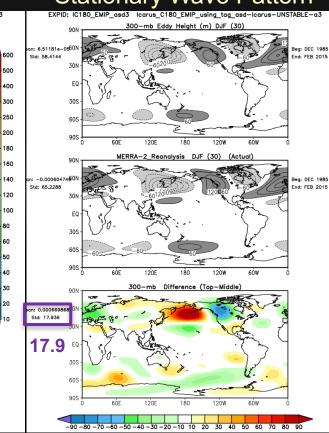


#### GEOS 30-Year Ensemble AMIP Results (MERRA-2 to x0027A)

**Detraining Mass Flux from RAS** 

Stationary Wave Pattern

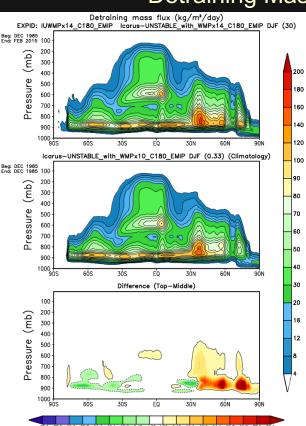


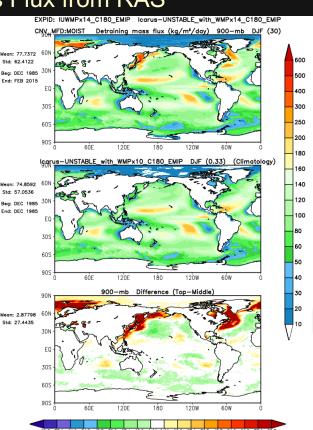


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#### **GEOS 30-Year Ensemble AMIP Results**

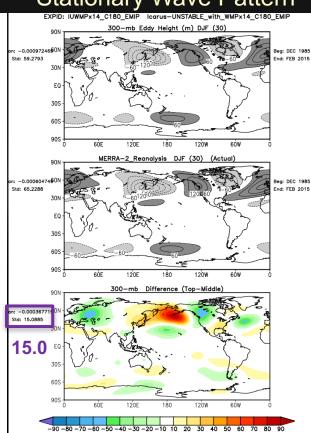
**Detraining Mass Flux from RAS** 





### (x0027A to x14)

#### Stationary Wave Pattern



### **FV3 c720 Namelist Settings in GEOS**

hydrostatic = .T.

dt = 225s k\_split = 2 n\_split = 6

tau = 0. rf\_cutoff = 8.e2

n\_sponge = 9 d2\_bg\_k1 = 0.16 d2\_bg\_k2 = 0.02 fv sg adj = 0.0

z\_tracer = .T. fill = .T. Hydrostatic FV3

(112.5s Adv/Remap DT) (18.75s small DT)

Rayleigh Friction off (done in GEOS moist physics)

9 Sponge Layers Disabled Dry Conv Adj

Tracer Courant Limit by Level (Filling negative tracers)

gmao\_cubic = .T. kord\_tm = 9 kord\_mt = 9 kord\_wz = 9 kord\_tr = 9 consv te = 1.

hord\_mt = 8 hord\_vt = -8 hord\_tm = -8 hord\_dp = -8 hord\_tr = -8

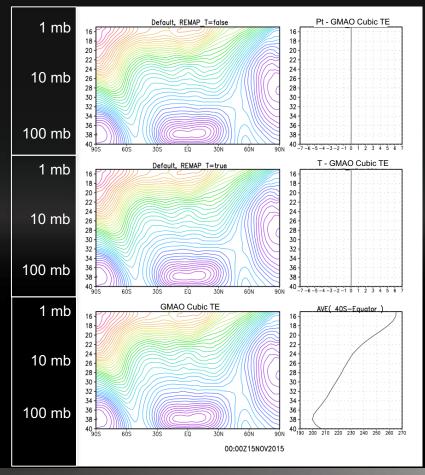
nord = 2 dddmp = 0.2 d4\_bg = 0.15 d2\_bg = 0.0 d\_ext = 0.0 vtdm4 = 0.0 do\_vort\_damp = .F. d con = 0. Cubic Spline Total Energy Conservative Vertical Remapping (using GMAO\_CUBIC)

**Monotonic Advection Schemes** 

6<sup>th</sup> order divergence damping (No Vorticity Damping)



### **FV3 GMAO Cubic TE Remapping**



FV3 Cubic PT Remap DZ noise

FV3 Cubic T Remap

DZ noise

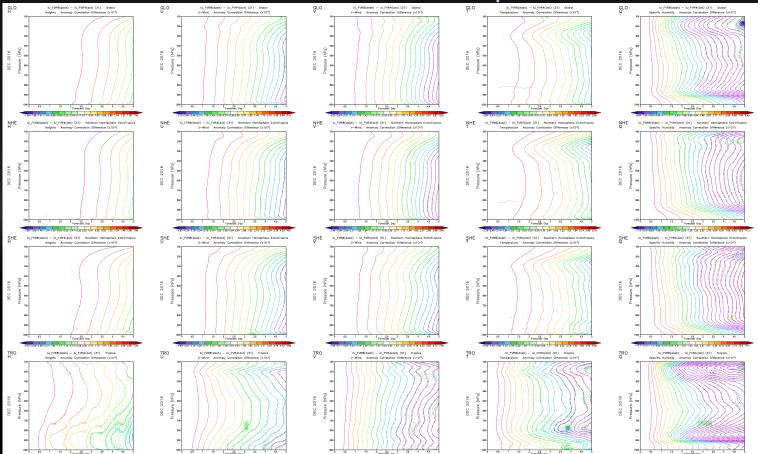
GMAO Cubic TE Remap

No DZ noise





#### FV3 R4 vs R8 Skill Comparison





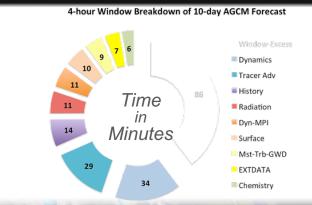
## The GEOS 12-km Forward Processing System

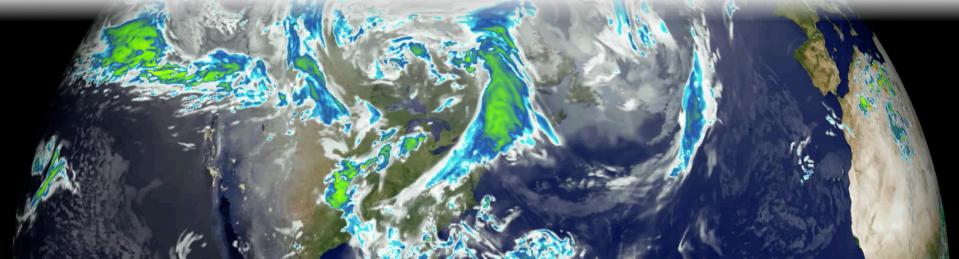
GOES forward processing assimilation and deterministic forecast system

Production Configuration:

12-km with 72-levels on 5400 Xeon Haswell Cores

4-D Hybrid Ensemble-Variational Data Assimilation Hydrostatic FV3 Dynamics GOCART Aerosols Assimilation with GAAS (57 tracers)





### The MERRA-2 Reanalysis



Modern-Era Retrospective Analysis for Research and Applications

[MERRA-2 1980-present]

Production Configuration:

50-km with 72-levels in 4 streams of 100 Xeon Cores Modern-Era Retrospective Analysis for

3-D Variational Data Assimilation

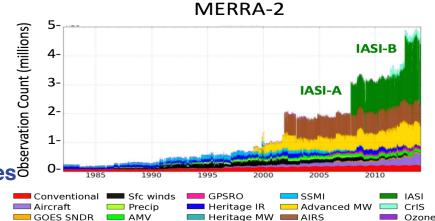
# An intermediate reanalysis of the satellite era



- Includes new satellite observations not available to MERRA
- Reduces biases and imbalances in the water cycle
- Reduces some spurious trends and jumps related to changes in the observing system

#### Progress toward an Integrated Earth System Reanalysis

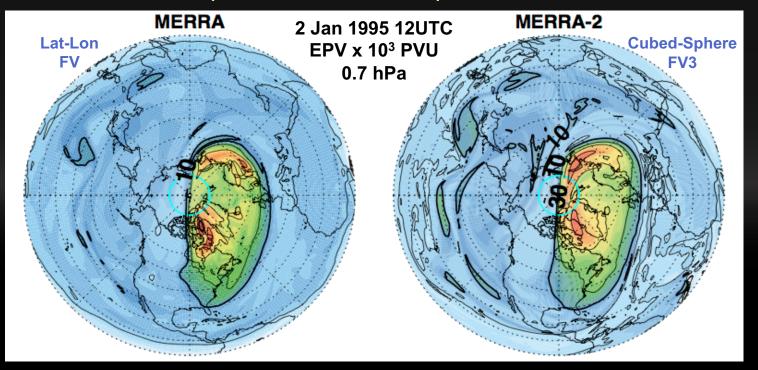
- Joint assimilation of meteorological and aerosol observations
- Improves aspects of the stratosphere, including ozone
- Improves aspects of the cryosphere, including glaciated surfaces





### The MERRA-2 Reanalysis

Cross Polar Flow (Polar Wind > 170 ms<sup>-1</sup>) Influence of the Pole on EPV



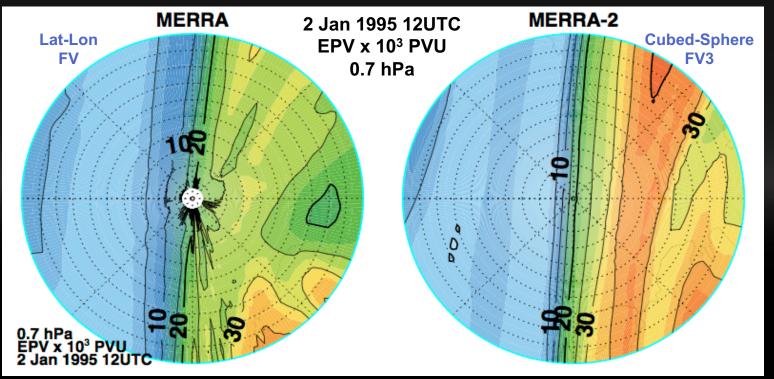
MERRA-2 has two high EPV regions (red) merging over the pole, created by downward motion, While MERRA has two weaker EPV regions with low EPV values at the pole.





### The MERRA-2 Reanalysis

Cross Polar Flow (Polar Wind > 170 ms<sup>-1</sup>) Influence of the Pole on EPV



80°N to the North Pole

MERRA diagnostic EPV contains small-scale structures radiating from the pole.



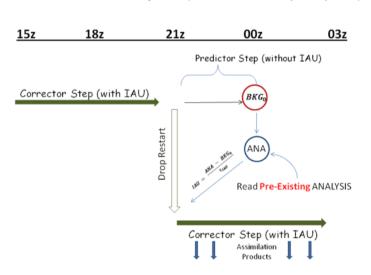
## MERRA-2 12-km Global Downscaling (2000-2016)

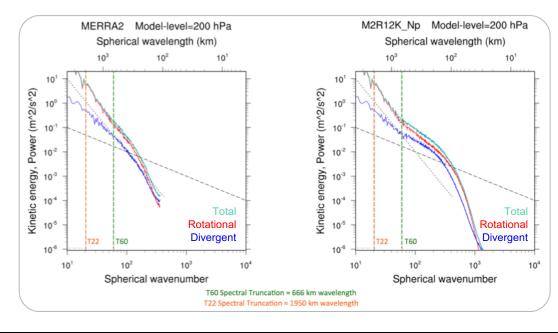
MERRA-2 Replay at 12.5-Km (M2R12K)

'Replay' Using MERRA-2 with IAU

Only forcing at scales T60 and longer

GEOS-5 REPLAY w/IAU (Incremental Analysis Update)

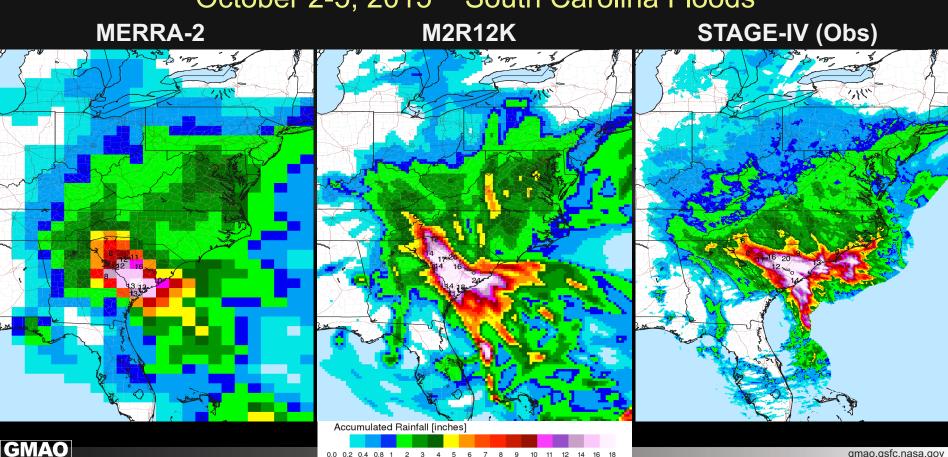






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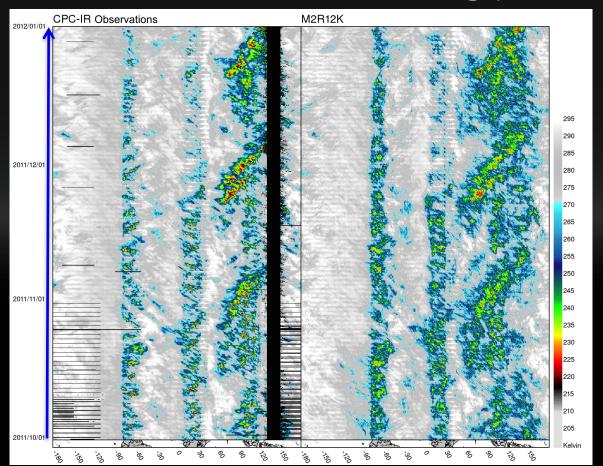
## MERRA-2 12-km Global Downscaling (2000-2016) October 2-5, 2015 South Carolina Floods



## MERRA-2 12-km Global Downscaling (2000-2016)



2011-12 DYNAMO MJO

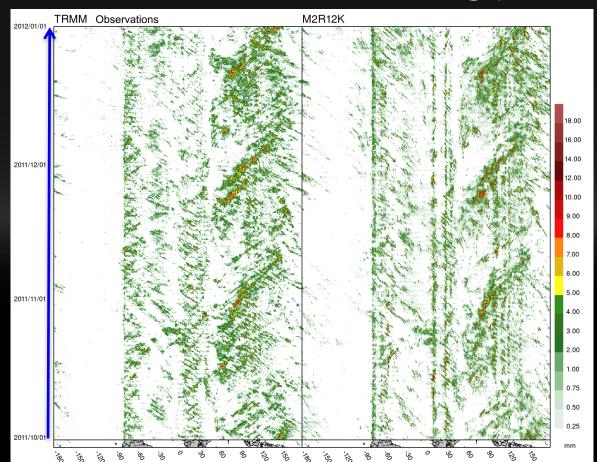


11-micron
Brightness
Temperature
5S:5N

## MERRA-2 12-km Global Downscaling (2000-2016)



2011-12 DYNAMO MJO



Hourly Precipitation 5S:5N



#### Must produce realistic weather and variability

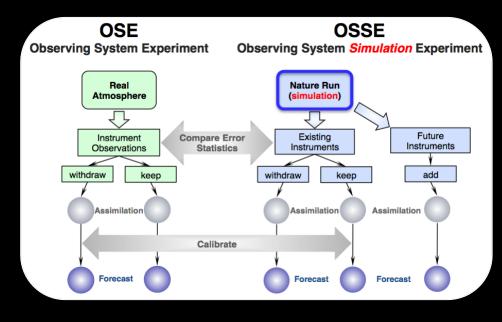
- High impact / Extreme events
  - Mid-latitude storms
  - Tropical cyclones
  - Organized convective clusters

#### These must form in a free running simulation

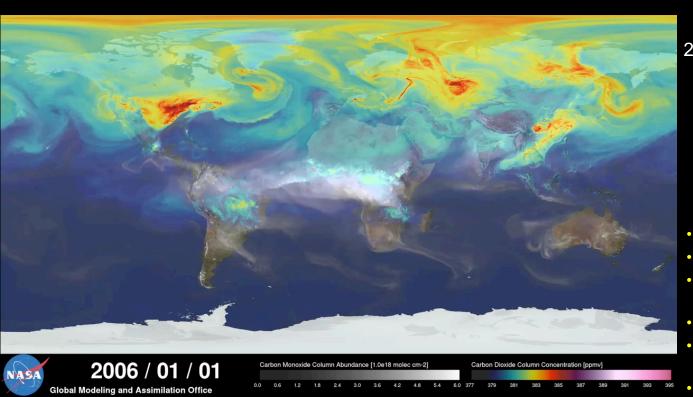
- No constraints to observed meteorology
  - It will not produce specific weather events
  - But it will produce similar events

#### Climatology must be representative of Nature

- It must resemble the real atmosphere
  - Statistically viable climatology
  - An acceptable level of variance for the climate of Earth
- While it will not be exactly the climate of the period simulated, it must be a statistically possible scenario







#### 7km-G5NR details:

2-Year Nature Run (2005-2007)

Non Hydrostatic FV3

30-minute output

Aerosols

CO<sub>2</sub>

Surface Boundary Conditions & Emissions

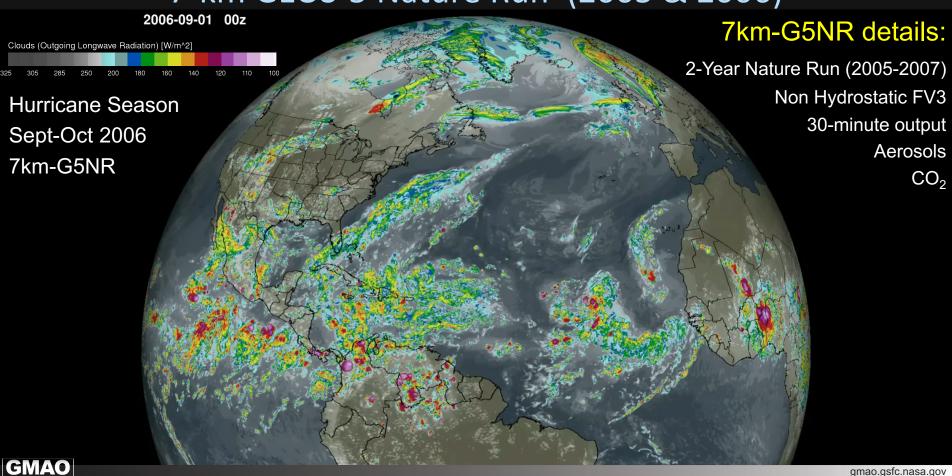
- 1/8-degree Reynolds/OSTIA SST
- 10-km EDGAR CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- CASA-GFED at 10-km with MODIS EVI CO<sub>2</sub> land fluxes
- daily QFED fire emissions
- AEROCOM SO<sub>2</sub> emissions and injection heights
- GOCART mixing, and deposition
   [sulfates, dust, and black carbon]
   aerosols radiatively coupled





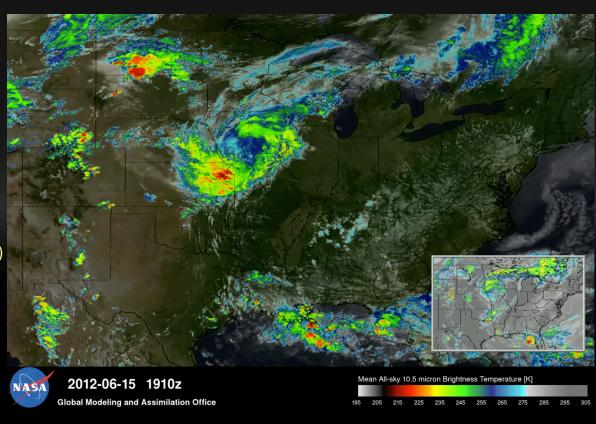






### 1.5km GEOS Convection Allowing Model

- Non-Hydrostatic FV3 dynamics
  - Non-monotonic advection schemes
  - 6<sup>th</sup> order divergence damping
  - Explicit vorticity damping
- Morrison Gettelman Barahona
  - 2-moment cloud microphysics
- RAS convection
  - reduced to just shallow convection
- Turbulence
  - 1st order scheme of Louis (stable PBLs)
  - Non-local K-scheme of Lock (cloud topped BLs)
- GOCART aerosol and chemistry transport
- o Extensive GEOS infrastructure development
  - Memory optimization (SHMEM)
  - I/O server development
    - Asynchronous writing
    - Efficient reading of boundary conditions



Run on 30,240 Intel Xeon Haswell cores

Throughput of 3.5 days/day



